

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **Green Superphosphoric Acid 69% P2O5**

### Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : Green Superphosphoric Acid 69% P2O5

SDS # : 214

Other means of identification

**Synonyms**: Superphosphoric Acid Feed Grade, Green

Product code(s) : LOMAG
Product type : Liquid.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Manufacture of chemical products. Manufacture of specialty fertilizers. For further manufacture of feed.

#### Uses advised against

Reason

Product is not intended for consumer use. Reserved for industrial

and professional use only.

Risk assessment.

#### Supplier's details

: PCS Sales (USA), Inc. (A Subsidiary of Nutrien Ltd.)

Suite 150

500 Lake Cook Road Deerfield, IL 60015 United States

PCS Sales (Canada), Inc. (A Subsidiary of Nutrien Ltd.)

Suite 500

122 1st Avenue South

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan S7K 7G3

Canada

Company phone number (North America): 1-800-524-0132 (Customer Service)

sds@nutrien.com - www.nutrien.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation) : Nutrien North American

24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

⊨nglish:

Transportation Emergencies: 1-800-792-8311 Medical Emergencies: 1-303-389-1653

French or Spanish:

Tranportation or Medical Emergencies: 1-303-389-1654

### Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

: CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

CARCINOGENICITY (inhalation) - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue : 7/8/2019 Version : 2.3 1/16

### Section 2. Hazard identification

#### **GHS label elements**

**Hazard pictograms** 







Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : May be corrosive to metals.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause cancer if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

#### **Precautionary statements**

General

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention** 

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep only in original packaging. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response

: Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or physician.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or physician.

**Storage** 

: Store locked up. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

: None known.

Other hazards which do not : None known.

result in classification

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Multi-constituent substance

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
Orthophosphoric acid Polyphosphoric acids Sulfuric acid	71 - 78 19 - 28 1 - 4	7664-38-2 8017-16-1 7664-93-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue :7/8/2019 Version : 2.3 2/16

### Section 4. First-aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

#### **Eye contact**

: CORROSIVE. Begin eye irrigation immediately. All eye exposures to acid require medical evaluation following decontamination. Immediately rinse eyes with large quantities of water or saline for a minimum of 20-30 minutes depending on severity of exposure. If possible, remove contact lenses being careful not to cause additional eye damage. If the initial water supply is insufficient, keep the affected area wet with a moist cloth and transfer the person to the nearest place where rinsing can be continued for the recommended length of time. Call an ambulance for transport to hospital. Continue eye irrigation during transport. For additional advice call the medical emergency number on this safety data sheet or your poison center or doctor.

#### Inhalation

: CORROSIVE. If mists or vapors are present in unknown or excessive concentrations, rescuers must wear appropriate respiratory protection and a suit resistant to acids (Level B or C). REMOVE PERSON TO FRESH AIR. Watch closely for signs of wheezing and breathing difficulties. Maintain an open airway. If not breathing, begin CPR. Oxygen may be administered by trained personnel. Affected persons who have stopped breathing or are having difficulty breathing or are unconscious need immediate medical attention. Call an ambulance for transport to hospital. For additional advice call the medical emergency number on this SDS or your poison center or doctor.

#### **Skin contact**

: CORROSIVE. Causes severe burns. Immediately begin rinsing the affected areas with water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Affected areas should be rinsed for a minimum of 20 - 30 minutes or longer depending on severity of exposure. Luke-warm water is recommended for continued irrigation to prevent hypothermia. Conscious persons without breathing difficulties may benefit from prolonged irrigation in a fixed shower or bathing facility prior to hospital transport. Call an ambulance for transport to hospital. Continue skin irrigation during transport. For additional advice call the medical emergency number on this safety data sheet or your poison center or doctor.

#### Ingestion

: CORROSIVE. May cause severe burns to the mouth, throat, and stomach. If the affected person requires cardiopulmonary resuscitation, avoid mouth to mouth contact. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, attempt to keep head lower than the chest so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Wash face and mouth with water to remove visible material. If the exposed person is conscious and can swallow, give 1-2 sips of water. Do not give anything else by mouth. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie, belt or waistband to prevent any breathing restrictions. For signs of breathing difficulties, refer to the INHALATION section. Call an ambulance for transportation to hospital. For additional advice, call the medical emergency number on this safety data sheet or your poison center or doctor.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: Corrosive to eyes on contact. Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Irritating to the respiratory system. May cause breathing difficulties.

Skin contact : Corrosive to the skin. Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion**: Corrosive to the digestive tract. May cause burns to the mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure

limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue : 7/8/2019 Version : 2.3 3/16

### Section 4. First-aid measures

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

throat and stomach pain difficulty swallowing nausea or vomiting

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Phosphoric acid is an acid which may cause coagulative necrosis. Treatment is symptomatic and supportive. The extent of injury depends on duration of exposure and concentration of liquid. Do not attempt to use chemicals to neutralize the exposure. 24 Hr Medical Emergency telephone number for professional support: English: 1-303-389-1653; French or Spanish: 1-303-389-1654.

**Specific treatments** 

: Outcomes can be improved by minimizing time to decontamination and extending decontamination times to reduce tissue damage. Expert opinion indicates extended decontamination is required to remove corrosive chemicals. Skin and eye decontamination should be performed for a minimum of 20 - 30 minutes. Extended decontamination times may be required depending on the exposure. To avoid hypothermia, irrigation water should be maintained at a comfortable temperature. If the patient is not in extremis, it may be necessary to delay transport to emergency care facilities to ensure adequate decontamination time. However, early patient transport may be necessary depending on patient's condition or the availability of water. If possible, continue skin and/or eye irrigation during emergency medical transport. Double-bag contaminated clothing and personal belongings of the patient.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Depending on the situation, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask, gloves, protective clothing and a respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Mouth-to-mouth resuscitation of oral exposure patients is not recommended. First-aiders with contaminated clothing should be properly decontaminated.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Non-flammable. Material will not burn. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Reacts violently with water. Will react with water or steam to produce heat and corrosive fumes. Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Flammable concentrations of vapor may accumulate in the headspace of containers.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: acidic corrosive material sulfur oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Remark

: Contain and collect the water used to fight the fire for later treatment and disposal.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue : 7/8/2019 Version : 2.3 4/16

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### For emergency responders:

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". Refer to Emergency Response Guidebook, Guide 154 for further information regarding spill control and Isolation/Protective Action Distances Guidelines.

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused adverse impacts (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Neutralize acids by applying basic substances (soda ash or lime) or use an acid spill kit. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Approach release from upwind. Stop leak if without risk. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Move containers from spill area. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The spilled material may be neutralized with calcium carbonate, crushed limestone, or sodium carbonate. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from alkalis. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Refer to NFPA 400 Hazardous Materials Code for further information on the safe storage and handling of hazardous materials.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue : 7/8/2019 Version : 2.3 5/16

### Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a corrosion resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store locked up. Separate from alkalis. Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Flammable concentrations of vapor may accumulate in the headspace of containers. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Refer to NFPA 400 Hazardous Materials Code for further information on the safe storage and handling of hazardous materials.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Canadian Regulations	
Orthophosphoric acid	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009)  15 min OEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  8 hrs OEL: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2014).  TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2013).  TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).  TWAEV: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEV: 3 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Sulfuric acid	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).  15 min OEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2013).  TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).  TWAEV: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEV: 3 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2014).  TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: thoracic
U.S. Federal Regulations	
Orthophosphoric acid	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).  TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 1 mg/m³ 10 hours.  STEL: 3 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
Sulfuric acid	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 1 mg/m³ 10 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).  TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Thoracic fraction

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue : 7/8/2019 Version : 2.3

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).

TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Water None assigned.

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. Recommended:

butyl rubber neoprene rubber nitrile rubber PVC

Contact your personal protective equipment manufacturer to verify the compatibility of the equipment for the intended purpose.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended:

chemical-resistant protective suit

Contact your personal protective equipment manufacturer to verify the compatibility of the equipment for the intended purpose.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Impervious rubber safety boots.

Contact your personal protective equipment manufacturer to verify the compatibility of the equipment for the intended purpose.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Contact your personal protective equipment manufacturer to verify the compatibility of the equipment for the intended purpose.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue : 7/8/2019 Version : 2.3 7/16

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Viscous liquid.]

Color : Dark Green. Odor Odorless. : Not available. **Odor threshold** 

Hq 1 to 2

**Melting point** : Not available. **Boiling point** : 260°C (500°F)

Flash point : [Product does not sustain combustion.]

**Evaporation rate** : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Non-flammable substance. Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable

> hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Flammable hydrogen gas may be produced on prolonged contact with metals such as aluminum, tin, lead and zinc. Flammable concentrations of vapor may accumulate in the headspace of

containers.

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not applicable.

Vapor pressure : Not available. Vapor density : Not available.

**Relative density** 2.0

: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water. Solubility

: Miscible in water. Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not applicable. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Variable, depending on temperature.

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

> Reacts violently with bases. May be corrosive to metals.

Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form

explosive mixtures with air.

This product should be stored away from oxidizing materials and strong bases.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: May be corrosive to metals. Contact your sales representative or a metallurgical specialist to ensure compatability with your equipment.

**Conditions to avoid** No specific data. This product should be stored away from oxidizing materials and strong bases. Refer to NFPA 400 Hazardous Materials Code for further information

on the safe storage and handling of hazardous materials.

**Incompatible materials** : Attacks many metals producing extremely flammable hydrogen gas which can form

explosive mixtures with air.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

alkalis metals

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue :7/8/2019 Version : 2.3 8/16

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Phosphoric acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	1250 mg/kg	-
Water	LD50 Oral	Rat	>90 g/kg	-
Sulfuric acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	2140 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Not considered to be acutely toxic. Corrosive material. Corrosive to the digestive tract.

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Sulfuric acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 5 milligrams	-

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : Corrosive to the skin.

Eyes : Corrosive to eyes.

**Respiratory**: May cause respiratory irritation.

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Respiratory : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: The International Agency for Research on Cancer has concluded that occupational exposure to strong inorganic acid mists are carcinogenic to humans. The U.S. National Toxicology Program has concluded that occupational exposure to strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid are carcinogenic.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary**

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Conclusion/Summary**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	3,	Route of exposure	Target organs
Sulfuric acid	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue : 7/8/2019 Version : 2.3 9/16

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Inhalation Skin contact

Eye contact

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Corrosive to eyes on contact. Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Irritating to the respiratory system. May cause breathing difficulties.

**Skin contact**: Corrosive to the skin. Causes severe burns.

**Ingestion** : Corrosive to the digestive tract. May cause burns to the mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure

limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

throat and stomach pain difficulty swallowing nausea or vomiting

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Corrosive to the eyes, skin and respiratory system.

effects

Potential delayed effects : See above.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : See above.

effects

Potential delayed effects : May cause cancer if inhaled.

Potential chronic health effects

**Conclusion/Summary**: Repeated or prolonged overexposure may result in chronic health effects.

General: Adverse effects are typically the result of acute overexposure. These effects may

be long term or permanent in nature.

**Carcinogenicity**: May cause cancer if inhaled. The U.S. National Toxicology Program has concluded

that occupational exposure to strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid

are carcinogenic.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 3/24/2021Date of previous issue: 7/8/2019Version: 2.310/16

### Section 11. Toxicological information

Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Orthophosphoric acid	Acute EC50 105 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 60 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 87 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours
Sulfuric acid	Acute LC50 42500 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 42000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Pandalus montagui - Adult Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	48 hours 96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Harmful to aquatic life.

#### Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary: Not persistent. Readily biodegradable

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Water	-1.38	-	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1805	UN1805	UN1805	Not available.	UN1805
UN proper shipping name	Phosphoric acid, liquid	Phosphoric acid solution	Phosphoric acid solution	Not available.	Phosphoric acid

Date of issue/Date of revision: 3/24/2021Date of previous issue: 7/8/2019Version: 2.311/16

Section 14	. Transport i	nformation			
Transport hazard class(es)	8	8	8	Not available.	8
Packing group	III	III	III	-	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Not available.	No.
Additional information	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5  Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 5	Reportable quantity 5000 lbs / 2270 kg [299.84 gal / 1135 L] Packages of less than the reportable quantity are not subject to Hazmat transportation requirements.  Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 1 L  Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 L  Special provisions A7,IB3,IP3,N34,	Special provisions 223, P001, IBC03, LP01	Not available.	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation 5 L Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 60 L Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 5 L

**Special precautions for user**: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and

: Not available.

T4,TP1

the IBC Code

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**Canadian lists** 

**Canadian NPRI**: The following components are listed: Phosphorus (total)

CEPA Toxic substancesCanada inventory: None of the components are listed.: All components are listed or exempted.

**International regulations** 

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 3/24/2021Date of previous issue: 7/8/2019Version: 2.312/16

### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

**Inventory list** 

**Australia** : All components are listed or exempted. **China** : All components are listed or exempted. **Europe** : All components are listed or exempted. **Japan** : All components are listed or exempted. Malaysia : All components are listed or exempted. **New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted. Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted. : All components are listed or exempted. **Taiwan** 

: Not determined. **Turkey** 

**U.S. Federal Regulations** : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

TSCA 8(b) Active inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Phosphoric acid

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class | Substances** 

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

Listed

(Essential Chemicals)

SARA 302/304 Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Sulfuric acid	1 - 4	Yes.	1000	66.3	1000	66.3

**SARA 304 RQ** : 40000 lbs / 18160 kg [2398.7 gal / 9080 L]

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard.

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue :7/8/2019 Version : 2.3 13/16

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Name			Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	(acute) health	Delayed (chronic) health hazard.
Orthophosphoric acid	71 - 78	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Sulfuric acid	1 - 4	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	1 - 4
Supplier notification	Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	1 - 4

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: Phosphoric acidNew York: The following components are listed: Phosphoric acidNew Jersey: The following components are listed: Phosphoric acidPennsylvania: The following components are listed: Phosphoric acid

California Prop. 65

: **WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and cadmium, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www. P65Warnings.ca.gov.

### Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 3/24/2021

Date of previous issue : 7/8/2019 Version : 2.3

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY (inhalation) - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Expert judgment Weight of evidence Weight of evidence Weight of evidence Weight of evidence

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue : 7/8/2019 Version : 2.3 14/16

### Section 16. Other information

#### References

Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act and Clear Language Regulations, current edition at time of SDS preparation, Transport Canada;

Hazardous Products Act and Regulations, current revision at time of SDS preparation, Health Canada;

Domestic Substances List, current revision at time of SDS preparation, Environment Canada;

29 CFR Part 1910, current revision at time of SDS preparation, U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration:

40 CFR Parts 1-799, current revision at time of SDS preparation, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency;

49 CFR Parts 1-199, current revision at time of SDS preparation, U.S. Department of Transport;

Mexican Official Standard NOM-018-STPS-2015, Harmonised System for the Identification and Communication of Hazards and Risks by Hazardous Chemicals in the Workplace:

NORMA Oficial Mexicana NOM-010-STPS-2014, Agentes químicos contaminantes del ambiente laboral-Reconocimiento, evaluación y control.

Mexican Official Standard NOM-002-SCT / 2011, List of the most commonly transported hazardous substances and materials;

Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances, current edition at time of SDS preparation, American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists;

NFPA 400, National Fire Codes, National Fire Protection Association, current edition at time of SDS preparation;

NFPA 704, National Fire Codes, National Fire Protection Association, current edition at time of SDS preparation;

Corrosion Data Survey, Sixth Edition, 1985, National Association of Corrosion Engineers;

ERG 2016, Emergency Response Guidebook, U.S. Department of Transport, Transport Canada, and the Secretariat of Transportation and Communications of Mexico

Hazardous Substances Data Bank, current revision at time of SDS preparation, National Library of Medicine, Bethesda, Maryland

Integrated Risk Information System, current revision at time of SDS preparation, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, D.C.

Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, current revision at time of SDS preparation, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, Ohio:

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry Databank, current revision at time of SDS preparation, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Atlanta, Georgia

National Toxicology Program, Report on Carcinogens, Division of the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina. Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, Cincinnati, Ohio

California Code of Regulations, Title 27, Div 4, Chapter 1, Proposition 65 Aug 30, 2018 rev and current updates

#### **Notice to reader**

Supply chain partners must ensure they pass this SDS, and all other relevant safety information to their customers.

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Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue : 7/8/2019 Version : 2.3 15/16

### Section 16. Other information

responsible for ensuring that it has all current information necessary to safely use the Material for its specific purpose.

FURTHERMORE, THE RECIPIENT ASSUMES ALL RISK IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OF THE MATERIAL. THE RECIPIENT ASSUMES ALL RESPONSIBILITY FOR ENSURING THE MATERIAL IS USED IN A SAFE MANNER IN COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH, SAFETY AND SECURITY LAWS, POLICIES AND GUIDELINES. THE SUPPLIER DOES NOT WARRANT THE MERCHANTABILITY OF THE MATERIAL OR THE FITNESS OF THE MATERIAL FOR ANY PARTICULAR USE AND ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR INJURY OR DAMAGE CAUSED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BY OR RELATED TO THE USE OF THE MATERIAL.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 3/24/2021 Date of previous issue : 7/8/2019 Version : 2.3 16/16